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# Instruction Manual

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## **TEC-9090 Self-Tune Fuzzy Logic PID Process Temperature Controller**

Agency Approvals



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# NOTES

**NOTE:**

It is strongly recommended that a process should incorporate a LIMIT CONTROL like TEC-910 which will shut down the equipment at a preset process condition in order to preclude possible damage to products or system.

Information in this user's manual is subject to change without notice.

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# NOTES

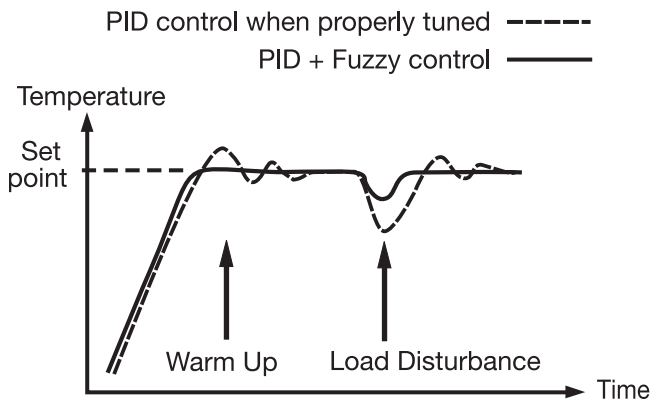
# Chapter 1 Introduction

This manual contains information for the installation and operation of the Tempco model TEC-9090 fuzzy logic microprocessor based controller.

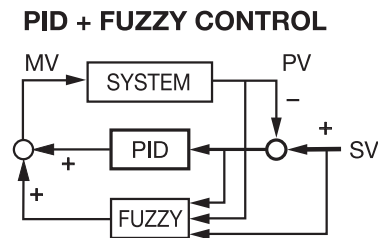
Fuzzy logic is an essential feature of this versatile controller. Although PID control has been widely accepted by many industries, it is difficult for PID control to work efficiently with some sophisticated systems, such as second order systems, systems with long time-lag, varying set points, varying loads, etc. Because of the disadvantages of the controlling principles and fixed values of PID control, it is inefficient when controlling systems with a lot of variables, and the result is below expectations for some systems. Fuzzy logic control can overcome these disadvantages of PID control. The function of fuzzy logic is to

adjust the PID values indirectly in order to make the manipulation of output value MV adapt flexibly and quickly to varying processes. In this way, it enables a process to reach its predetermined set point in the shortest amount of time with minimum overshooting during tuning or external disturbance. Unlike PID control which uses digital information, fuzzy logic uses language information.

In addition, this instrument has the functions of single stage ramp and dwell, auto-tuning, and manual mode execution. It is also easy to use.



**Figure 1.1**  
**Fuzzy Control**  
**Advantage**



## Chapter 2 Ordering Code

TEC-9090 —          
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)

### (1) Power Input

|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| 4 | 90-264VAC    |
| 5 | 20-32VDC/VAC |
| 6 | 10-18VDC     |
| 9 | Other        |

### (2) Signal Input

|   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| 5 | Configurable (Universal) |
| 9 | Other                    |

### (3) Range Code

|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | Configurable |
| 9 | Other        |

### (4) Control Mode

|   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 3 | PID / ON-OFF Control |
|---|----------------------|

### (5) Output 1 Option

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 0 | None   |
| 1 | Relay rated 3A/240VAC resistive                        |
| 2 | SSR Drive rated 20mA/24V                               |
| 3 | 4-20mA linear, max. load 500 ohms (Module OM93-1)      |
| 4 | 0-20mA linear, max. load 500 ohms (Module OM93-2)      |
| 5 | 0-10V linear, min. impedance 500K ohms (Module OM93-3) |
| 9 | Other  |

### (6) Output 2 Option

|   |      |
|---|------|
| 0 | None |
|---|------|

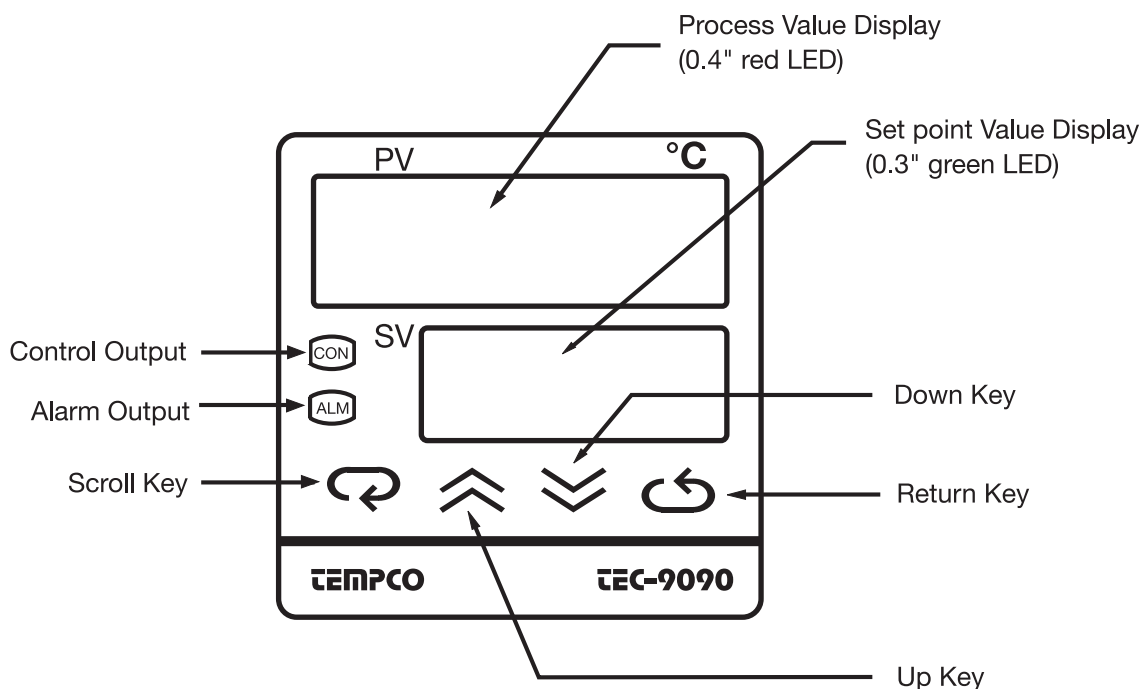
### (7) Alarm Option

|   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 0 | None                            |
| 1 | Relay rated 2A/240VAC resistive |
| 9 | Other                           |

### (8) Communication

|   |      |
|---|------|
| 0 | None |
|---|------|

## Chapter 3 Front Panel Description



**Figure 3.1**  
Front Panel Description

## Chapter 4 Input Range and Accuracy

| Sensor | Input Type         | Range (°F)    | Accuracy (°F) | Range (°C)    | Accuracy (°C) |
|--------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| J      | Iron/Constantan    | -58 to 1832°F | ±3.6°F        | -50 to 1000°C | ±2°C          |
| K      | Chromel/Alumel     | -58 to 2500°F | ±3.6°F        | -50 to 1370°C | ±2°C          |
| T      | Copper/Constantan  | -454 to 752°F | ±3.6°F        | -270 to 400°C | ±2°C          |
| E      | Chromel/Constantan | -58 to 1382°F | ±3.6°F        | -50 to 750°C  | ±2°C          |
| B      | Pt30%RH/Pt6%RH     | 32 to 3272°F  | ±5.4°F        | 0 to 1800°C   | ±2°C          |
| R      | Pt13%RH/Pt         | 32 to 3182°F  | ±3.6°F        | 0 to 1750°C   | ±2°C          |
| S      | Pt10%RH/Pt         | 32 to 3182°F  | ±3.6°F        | 0 to 1750°C   | ±2°C          |
| N      | Nicrosil/Nisil     | -58 to 2372°F | ±3.6°F        | -50 to 1300°C | ±2°C          |
| RTD    | PT 100 ohms (DIN)  | -328 to 752°F | ±0.72°F       | -200 to 400°C | ±0.4°C        |
| RTD    | PT 100 ohms (JIS)  | -328 to 752°F | ±0.72°F       | -200 to 400°C | ±0.4°C        |
| Linear | Voltage or Current | -1999 to 9999 | ±.05%         | -1999 to 9999 | ±.05%         |

## Chapter 5 Specifications

### Input

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Thermocouple (T/C):         | Type J, K, T, E, B, R, S, N.                |
| RTD:                        | PT100ohm RTD (DIN 43760/BS1904 or JIS)      |
| Linear:                     | -10 to 60mV, configurable input attenuation |
| Range:                      | User configurable, refer to table above     |
| Accuracy:                   | Refer to table above                        |
| Cold junction compensation: | 0.1°F/°F ambient typical                    |
| Sensor break protection:    | Protection mode configurable                |
| External resistance:        | 100ohms max.                                |
| Normal mode rejection:      | 60dB  |
| Common mode rejection:      | 120dB                                       |
| Sample rate:                | 3 times/second                              |

### Control

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Proportion band:   | 0–360°F (0–200°C)                              |
| Reset (integral):  | 0–3600 seconds                                 |
| Rate (derivative): | 0–1000 seconds                                 |
| Ramp rate:         | 0–360.0°F/minute (0–200.0°C/minute)            |
| Dwell:             | 0–3600 minutes                                 |
| ON-OFF:            | With adjustable hysteresis (0–20% of SPAN)     |
| Cycle time:        | 0–120 seconds                                  |
| Control action:    | Direct (for cooling) and reverse (for heating) |

### Power

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| Rating:      | 90–264VAC, 50/60Hz or low voltage (note label) |
| Consumption: | Less than 5VA                                  |

### Environmental and Physical

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Safety:                | UL873, CSA22.2/142-87, IEC1010-1 (EN61010-1) |
| EMC emission:          | EN50081-1                                    |
| EMC immunity:          | EN50082-2                                    |
| Operating temperature: | 14–122°F (-10 to 50°C)                       |
| Humidity:              | 0 to 90% RH (non-condensing)                 |
| Insulation:            | 20Mohms min. (500VDC)                        |
| Breakdown:             | AC 2000V, 50/60Hz, 1 minute                  |
| Vibration:             | 10–55 Hz, amplitude 1mm                      |
| Shock:                 | 200m/s (20g)                                 |
| Net weight:            | 170 grams                                    |
| Housing materials:     | Poly-carbonate plastic                       |



# Chapter 6 Installation

## 6-1 Dimensions and Panel Cutout

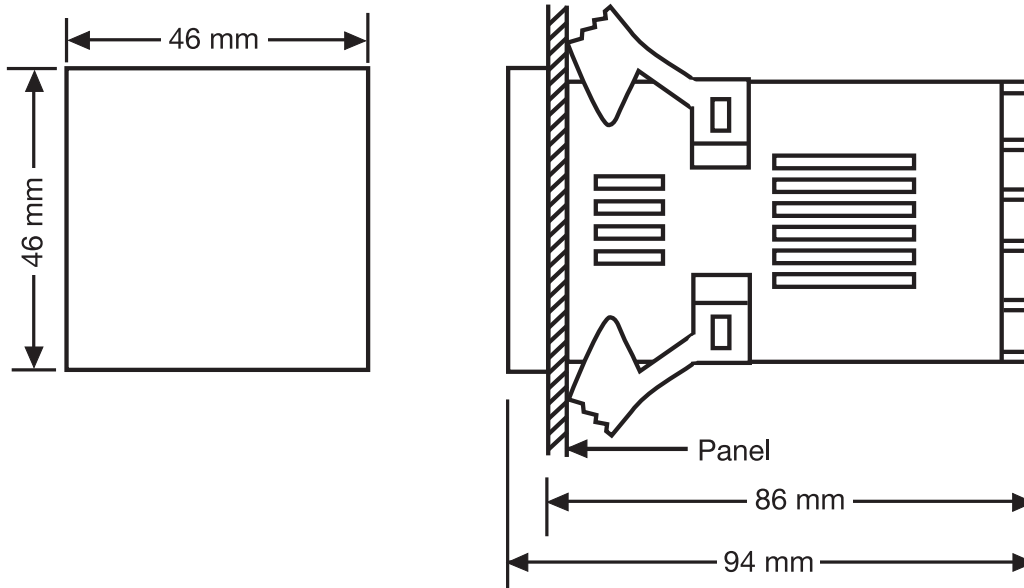


Figure 6.1 Mounting Dimensions

## 6-2 Wiring Diagram

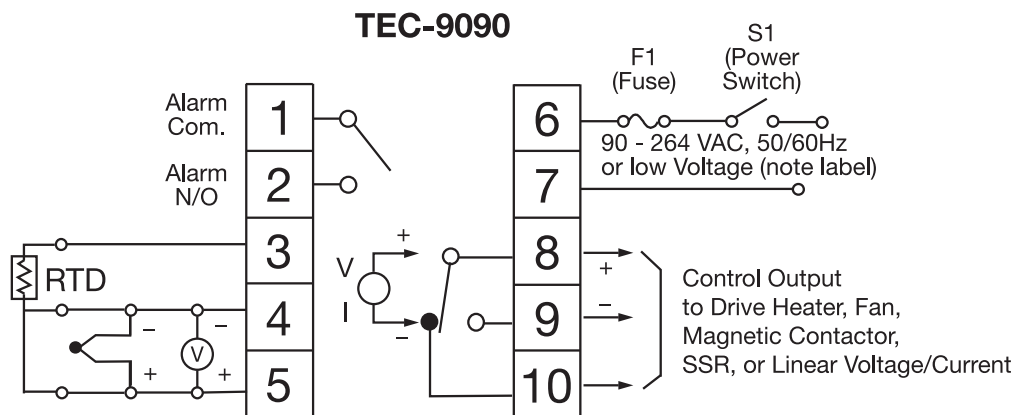












Figure 6.2 Wiring Diagram

## Chapter 7 Wiring Precautions

- Before wiring, verify the correct model number and options on the label. Switch off the power while checking.
- Care must be taken to ensure that the maximum voltage rating specified on the label is not exceeded.
- It is recommended that the power for these units be protected by fuses or circuit breakers rated at the minimum value possible.
- All units should be installed in a suitable enclosure to prevent live parts from being accessible to human hands and metal tools. Metal enclosures and/or subpanels should be grounded in accordance with national and local codes.
- All wiring must conform to appropriate standards of good practice and local codes and regulations. Wiring must be suitable for the voltage, current, and temperature rating of the system.
- Beware not to over-tighten the terminal screws. The torque should not exceed 1 N-m (8.9 lb-in or 10 KgF-cm).
- Unused control terminals should not be used as jumper points as they may be internally connected, causing damage to the unit.
- Verify that the ratings of the output devices and the inputs as specified are not exceeded.
- Except for thermocouple wiring, all wiring should use stranded copper conductor with a maximum gage of 14 AWG.
- Electrical power in industrial environments contains a certain amount of noise in the form of transient voltage and spikes. This electrical noise can adversely affect the operation of microprocessor-based controls. For this reason the use of shielded thermocouple extension wire which connects the sensor to the controller is strongly recommended. This wire is a twisted-pair construction with foil wrap and drain wire. The drain wire is to be attached to ground in the control panel only.

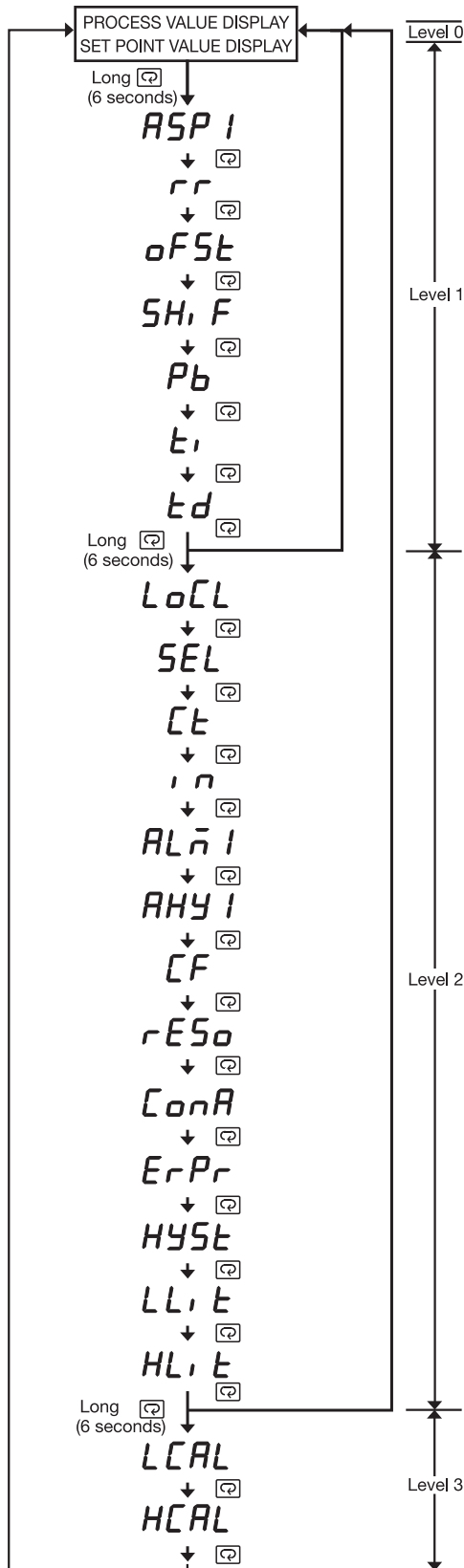
## Chapter 8 Operation

### 8-1 Keypad Operation

| TOUCHKEYS   | FUNCTION                  | DESCRIPTION   |
|---|---------------------------|---|
|    | Scroll Key                | Advance the index display to the desired position. Index advanced continuously and cyclically by pressing this keypad.      |
|    | Up Key                    | Increases the parameter   |
|    | Down Key                  | Decreases the parameter   |
|    | Return Key                | Resets the controller to its normal status. Also stops auto-tuning, output percentage monitoring and manual mode operation. |
| Press  for 6 seconds   | Long Scroll               | Allows more parameters to be inspected or changed.  |
| Press  for 6 seconds   | Long Return               | 1. Executes auto-tuning function<br>2. Calibrates control when in calibration level   |
| Press  and                | Output Percentage Monitor | Allows the set point display to indicate the control output value.  |
| Press  and  for 6 seconds | Manual Mode Execution     | Allows the controller to enter the manual mode.   |

\*With power on, it takes 12 seconds to memorize the new values of parameters once they have been changed.

## 8-2 Flow Chart



The "return" key can be pressed at any time. This will prompt the display to return to the Process value/Set point value.

### Power Applied:

1. **9090 436** Displayed for 4 seconds. (Software Version 3.6 or higher)
2. **8888 8888** LED test. All LED segments must be lit for 4 seconds.
3. Process value and set point indicated.

## 8-3 Parameter Description

| Index Code     | Description<br>Adjustment Range   | **Default<br>Setting                             |
|----------------|---|--|
| SV             | Set point Value Control<br>*Low Limit to High Limit Value   | 392°F (200°C)                                    |
| ASP I          | Alarm Set point Value<br>* Low Limit to High Limit value. (if $AL\bar{n} I=0, 1, 4, \text{ or } 5$ )<br>* 0 to 3600 minutes (if $AL\bar{n} I=12 \text{ or } 13$ )<br>* Low Limit minus set point to High Limit minus set point value (if $AL\bar{n} I=2, 3, 6, \text{ or } 11$ )  | 18°F (10°C)                                      |
| rr             | Ramp Rate for the process value to limit an abrupt change of process (soft start)<br>* 0 to 360.0° F (200.0°C)/minute (if $r = 0 \text{ to } 9$ )<br>* 0 to 3600 unit / minute (if $r = 10$ )   | 0°F / min.                                       |
| oFSt           | Offset Value for Manual Reset (if $t_i = 0$ )<br>* 0 to 100%  | 0.0%   |
| SH, F          | Offset shift for process value<br>* -199° F to 199° F (-111°C to 111°C)   | 0°F  |
| Pb             | Proportional Band<br>* 0 to 360° F (0 to 200°C) (set to 0 for on-off control)   | 18°F (10°C)                                      |
| t <sub>i</sub> | Integral (Reset) Time<br>* 0 to 3600 seconds  | 120 sec.   |
| t <sub>d</sub> | Derivative (Rate) Time<br>* 0 to 1000 seconds   | 30 sec.  |
| LoCL           | Local Mode<br>0: No control parameters can be changed<br>1: Control parameters can be changed   | 1  |
| SEL            | Parameter Selection (allows selection of additional parameters to be accessible at level 0 security)<br>0: None<br>1: ASP I<br>2: rr<br>3: oFSt<br>4: ASP I, rr<br>5: ASP I, oFSt<br>6: rr, oFSt<br>7: ASP I, rr, oFSt  | 0  |
| Ct             | Proportional Cycle Time<br>* 0 to 120 seconds   | Relay 20<br>Pulsed Voltage 1<br>Linear Volt/mA 0 |
| i n            | Input Mode Selection<br>0: J type T/C<br>1: K type T/C<br>2: T type T/C<br>3: E type T/C<br>4: B type T/C<br>5: R type T/C<br>6: S type T/C<br>7: N type T/C<br>8: PT100 DIN<br>9: PT100 JIS<br>10: Linear Voltage or Current<br>Note: T/C-Close solder gap G5, RTD-Open G5   | T/C 0<br>RTD 8<br>Linear 10                      |
| ALn I          | Alarm Mode Selection<br>0: Process High Alarm<br>1: Process Low Alarm<br>2: Deviation High Alarm<br>3: Deviation Low Alarm<br>4: Inhibit Process High Alarm<br>5: Inhibit Process Low Alarm<br>6: Inhibit Deviation High Alarm<br>7: Inhibit Deviation Low Alarm<br>8: Outband Alarm<br>9: inband Alarm<br>10: Inhibit Outband Alarm<br>11: Inhibit Inband Alarm<br>12: Alarm Relay OFF as Dwell Time Out<br>13: Alarm Relay ON as Dwell Time Out | 2  |
| AHY I          | Hysteresis of Alarm 1<br>* 0 to 20% of SPAN   | 0.5%   |
| CF             | °C/°F Selection<br>0:°F 1:°C  | 0  |
| rESo           | Resolution Selection<br>0: No Decimal Point<br>1: 1 Digit Decimal<br>2: 2 Digit Decimal<br>3: 3 Digit Decimal<br>(2 and 3 may only be used for linear voltage or current $r = 10$ )   | 0  |
| ConA           | Control Action<br>0: Direct (Cooling) Action 1: Reverse (Heat) Action   | 1  |
| ErPr           | Error Protection<br>0: Control OFF, Alarm OFF 1: Control OFF, Alarm ON<br>2: Control ON, Alarm OFF 3: Control ON, Alarm ON  | 1  |
| HYS t          | Hysteresis for ON/OFF Control<br>*0 to 20% of SPAN  | 0.5%   |
| LL, t          | Low Limit of Range  | -58°F (-50°C)                                    |
| HL, t          | High Limit of Range   | 1832°F (1000°C)                                  |
| LCAL           | Low Calibration Figure  | 32°F (0°C)                                       |
| HCAL           | High Calibration Figure   | 1112°F (600°C)                                   |

NOTES: \* Adjusting Range of the Parameter

\*\* Factory settings. Process alarms are at fixed temperature points. Deviation alarms move with the set points value.

## 8-4 Automatic Tuning

1. Ensure that the controller is correctly configured and installed.
2. Ensure that the proportional band “PB” is not set at “0”.
3. Press the return key for at least 6 seconds (maximum 16 seconds). This initializes the auto-tune function. (To abort auto-tuning procedure, press and release the return key).
4. The decimal point in the lower right hand corner of the PV display flashes to indicate that auto-tuning is in progress. Auto-tune is complete when the flashing stops.

5. Depending on the particular process, automatic tuning may take up to two hours. Processes with long time lags will take the longest to tune. Remember, while the display point flashes, the controller is auto-tuning.

NOTE: If an AT error (*AT Err*) occurs, the automatic tuning process is aborted due to the system operating in ON-OFF control mode (PB=0). The process will also be aborted if the set point is set too close to the process temperature or if there is insufficient capacity in the system to reach the set point (e.g., inadequate heating power available). Upon completion of auto-tuning, the new PID settings are automatically entered into the controller's non-volatile memory.

## 8-5 Manual PID Adjustment

Although the auto-tuning function will select control settings which should prove satisfactory for the majority of processes, you may find it necessary to make adjustments to these settings from time to time. This may be the case if some changes are made to the process or if you wish to fine-tune the control settings.

It is important, prior to making changes to the control settings, that you record the current settings for future reference. Make only slight changes to one setting at a time and observe the results on the process. Because each of the settings interacts with the others, it is easy to become confused with the results if you are not familiar with process control procedures.

### Tuning Guide

| Proportional Band              |                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Symptom                        | Solution          |
| Slow Response                  | Decrease PB Value |
| High Overshoot or Oscillations | Increase PB Value |

| Integral Time (Reset)       |                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Symptom                     | Solution               |
| Slow Response               | Decrease Integral Time |
| Instability or Oscillations | Increase Integral Time |

| Derivative Time (Rate)        |                           |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Symptom                       | Solution                  |
| Slow Response or Oscillations | Decrease Derivative. Time |
| High Overshoot                | Increase Derivative Time  |

## 8-6 Manual Tuning Procedure

- Step 1: Adjust the integral and derivative values to 0. This inhibits the rate and reset action
- Step 2: Set an arbitrary value for proportional band and monitor the control results
- Step 3: If the original setting introduces a large process oscillation, then gradually increase the proportional band until steady cycling occurs. Record this proportional band value ( $P_c$ ).
- Step 4: Measure the period of steady cycling

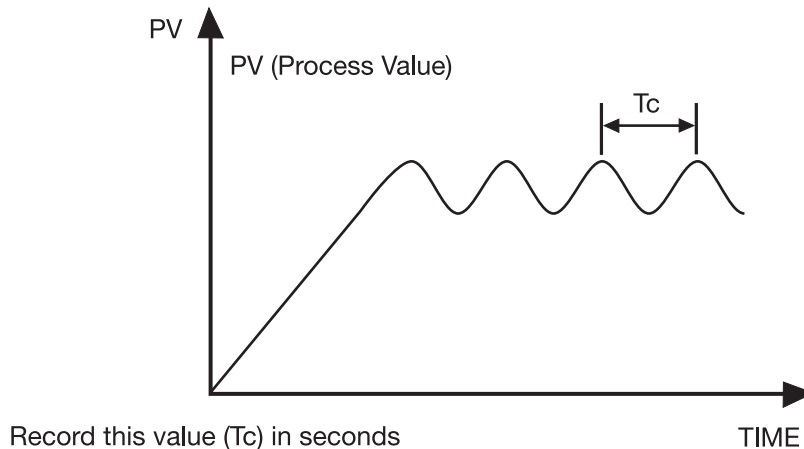


Figure 8.1  
Manual Tuning Process

- Step 5: The control settings are determined as follows:
- Proportion band (PB) =  $1.7 P_c$
  - Integral time (TI) =  $0.5 T_c$
  - Derivative time (TD) =  $0.125 T_c$

## 8-7 Ramp and Dwell

The TEC-9090 controller can be configured to act as either a fixed set point controller or as a single ramp controller on power up. This function enables the user to set a pre-determined ramp rate to allow the process to gradually reach the set point temperature, thus producing a “soft start” function.

A dwell timer is incorporated within the TEC-9090 and the alarm relay can be configured to allow the dwell function to be used in conjunction with the ramp function.

The ramp rate is determined by the “ $r_r$ ” parameter which can be adjusted within the range of 0 to 200.0°C/minute. The ramp rate function is disabled when the “ $r_r$ ” parameter is set to “0”.

The soak function is enabled by configuring the alarm output to act as a dwell timer. The parameter  $AL \bar{n} 1$  needs to be set with a value of 12. The alarm contact will now operate as a timer contact, with the contact closed at power up and opening after the elapsed time set in parameter  $ASP 1$ .

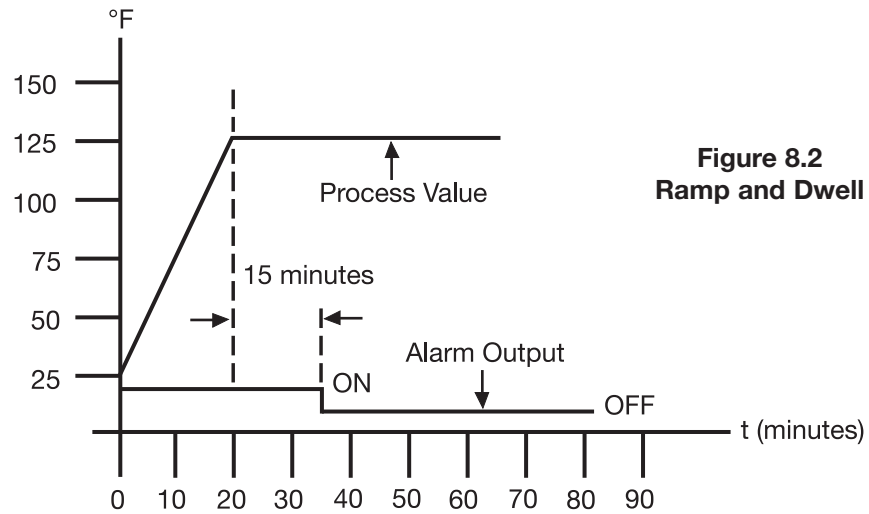
If the controller power supply or output is wired through the alarm contact, the controller will operate as a guaranteed soak controller.

continued...

In the example below, the ramp rate is set at 5°F/minute,  $ALN1 = 12$  and  $ASP1 = 15$  (minutes). Power is applied at zero time and the process climbs at 5°F/minute to the set point of 125°F. Upon reaching the set point, the dwell timer is activated, and after the soak time of 15 minutes, the alarm contact will open, switching off the output. The process temperature will eventually fall at an undetermined rate.

The dwell function may also be used to operate an external device such as a siren to alert when a soak time has been reached.

$HLN1$  needs to be set with a value of 13. The alarm contact will now operate as a timer contact, with the contact being open on the initial start up. The timer begins to count down once the set point temperature is reached. After the setting at  $ASP1$  has elapsed, the alarm contact closes.



**Figure 8.2**  
**Ramp and Dwell**

## Chapter 9 Error Messages

| Display Symbol | Error Description   | Corrective Action   |
|----------------|---|---|
| <i>SbEr</i>    | Sensor break error  | Replace RTD or sensor<br>Use manual mode operation                                  |
| <i>LLEr</i>    | Process display beyond the low range set point                    | Re-adjust <i>LL</i> , <i>t</i> value  |
| <i>HLEr</i>    | Process display beyond the high range set point                   | Re-adjust <i>HL</i> , <i>t</i> value  |
| <i>AHEr</i>    | Analog hybrid module damage                                       | Replace module. Check for outside source of damage such as transient voltage spikes |
| <i>AtEr</i>    | Incorrect operation of auto tune procedure<br>Prop. Band set to 0 | Repeat procedure. Increase Prop. Band to a number larger than 0                     |
| <i>oPEr</i>    | Manual mode is not allowable for an ON-OFF control system         | Increase proportional band  |
| <i>CSEr</i>    | Check sum error, values in memory may have changed accidentally   | Check and reconfigure the control parameters  |

### WARRANTY

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