

**TEC-9090** Self-Tune Fuzzy Logic PID Process Temperature Controller



**91** CE



Manual TEC-9090 Revision 5/23 • D1306.03 TEMPCO ELECTRIC HEATER CORPORATION

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#### NOTE:

It is strongly recommended that a process should incorporate a LIMIT CONTROL like TEC-910 which will shut down the equipment at a preset process condition in order to preclude possible damage to products or system.

Information in this user's manual is subject to change without notice.

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#### **Chapter 1 Introduction**

This manual contains information for the installation and operation of the Tempco model TEC-9090 fuzzy logic microprocessor based controller.

Fuzzy logic is an essential feature of this versatile controller. Although PID control has been widely accepted by many industries, it is difficult for PID control to work efficiently with some sophisticated systems, such as second order systems, systems with long time-lag, varying set points, varying loads, etc. Because of the disadvantages of the controlling principles and fixed values of PID control, it is inefficient when controlling systems with a lot of variables, and the result is below expectations for some systems. Fuzzy logic control can overcome these disadvantages of PID control. The function of fuzzy logic is to adjust the PID values indirectly in order to make the manipulation of output value MV adapt flexibly and quickly to varying processes. In this way, it enables a process to reach its predetermined set point in the shortest amount of time with minimum overshooting during tuning or external disturbance. Unlike PID control which uses digital information, fuzzy logic uses language information.

In addition, this instrument has the functions of single stage ramp and dwell, auto-tuning, and manual mode execution. It is also easy to use.



#### 

#### (1) Power Input

	•
4	90-264VAC
5	20-32VDC/VAC
9	Other

#### (2) Signal Input

5	Configurable (Universal)
9	Other

#### (3) Range Code

1	Configurable
9	Other

#### (4) Control Mode

3 PID / ON-OFF Control
------------------------

#### (5) Output 1 Option

0	None
1	Relay rated 3A/240VAC resistive
2	SSR Drive rated 20mA/24V
3	4-20mA linear, max. load 500 ohms (Module OM93-1)
4	0-20mA linear, max. load 500 ohms (Module OM93-2)
5	0-10V linear, min. impedance 500K ohms (Module OM93-3)
9	Other

#### (6) Output 2 Option

0	None
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# (7) Alarm Option

0	None
1	Relay rated 2A/240VAC resistive
9	Other

#### (8) Communication

0 None
--------

# **Chapter 3 Front Panel Description**



Front Panel Description

# **Chapter 4 Input Range and Accuracy**

Sensor	Input Type	Range (°F)	Accuracy (°F)	Range (°C)	Accuracy (°C)
J	Iron/Constantan	-58 to 1832°F	±3.6°F	-50 to 1000°C	±2°C
К	Chromel/Alumel	-58 to 2500°F	±3.6°F	-50 to 1370°C	±2°C
Т	Copper/Constantan	-454 to 752°F	±3.6°F	-270 to 400°C	±2°C
Е	Chromel/Constantan	-58 to 1382°F	±3.6°F	-50 to 750°C	±2°C
В	Pt30%RH/Pt6%RH	32 to 3272°F	±5.4°F	0 to 1800°C	±2°C
R	Pt13%RH/Pt	32 to 3182°F	±3.6°F	0 to 1750°C	±2°C
S	Pt10%RH/Pt	32 to 3182°F	±3.6°F	0 to 1750°C	±2°C
Ν	Nicrosil/Nisil	-58 to 2372°F	±3.6°F	-50 to 1300°C	±2°C
RTD	PT 100 ohms (DIN)	-328 to 752°F	±0.72°F	-200 to 400°C	±0.4°C
RTD	PT 100 ohms (JIS)	-328 to 752°F	±0.72°F	-200 to 400°C	±0.4°C
Linear	Voltage or Current	-1999 to 9999	±.05%	-1999 to 9999	±.05%

#### Input

Thermocouple (T/C):	Type J, K, T, E, B, R, S, N.
RTD:	PT100ohm RTD (DIN 43760/BS1904
Linear:	-10 to 60mV, configurable input atte
Range:	User configurable, refer to table abo
Accuracy:	Refer to table above
Cold junction compensation:	0.1°F/°F ambient typical
Sensor break protection:	Protection mode configurable
External resistance:	100ohms max.
Normal mode rejection:	60dB
Common mode rejection:	120dB
Sample rate:	3 times/second

#### Control

Proportion band:	0–360°F (0–
Reset (integral):	0–3600 sec
Rate (derivative):	0–1000 sec
Ramp rate:	0–360.0°F/r
Dwell:	0–3600 min
ON-OFF:	With adjusta
Cycle time:	0–120 seco
Control action:	Direct (for c

#### **Power**

Rating: Consumption:

#### **Environmental and Physical**

Safety: EMC emission: EMC immunity: Operating temperature: Humidity: Insulation: Breakdown: Vibration: Shock: Net weight: Housing materials:

)4 or JIS) enuation ove

–200°C) conds conds minute (0–200.0°C/minute) nutes able hysteresis (0–20% of SPAN) onds cooling) and reverse (for heating)

90-264VAC, 50/60Hz or low voltage (note label) Less than 5VA

UL873, IEC1010-1 (EN61010-1) EN50081-1 EN50082-2 14–122°F (-10 to 50°C) 0 to 90% RH (non-condensing) 20Mohms min. (500VDC) AC 2000V, 50/60Hz, 1 minute 10-55 Hz, amplitude 1mm 200m/s (20g) 170 grams Poly-carbonate plastic

#### **6–1 Dimensions and Panel Cutout**



**Figure 6.1 Mounting Dimensions** 

#### 6–2 Wiring Diagram



Figure 6.2 Wiring Diagram

## **Chapter 7 Wiring Precautions**

- Before wiring, verify the correct model number and options on the label. Switch off the power while checking.
- Care must be taken to ensure that the maximum voltage rating specified on the label is not exceeded.
- It is recommended that the power for these units be protected by fuses or circuit breakers rated at the minimum value possible.
- All units should be installed in a suitable enclosure to prevent live parts from being accessible to human hands and metal tools. Metal enclosures and/or subpanels should be grounded in accordance with national and local codes.
- All wiring must conform to appropriate standards of good practice and local codes and regulations. Wiring must be suitable for the voltage, current, and temperature rating of the system.
- Beware not to over-tighten the terminal screws. The torque should not exceed 1 N-m (8.9 lb-in or 10 KgF-cm).

- Unused control terminals should not be used as jumper points as they may be internally connected, causing damage to the unit.
- Verify that the ratings of the output devices and the inputs as specified are not exceeded.
- Except for thermocouple wiring, all wiring should use stranded copper conductor with a maximum gage of 14 AWG.
- Electrical power in industrial environments contains a certain amount of noise in the form of transient voltage and spikes. This electrical noise can adversely affect the operation of microprocessorbased controls. For this reason the use of shielded thermocouple extension wire which connects the sensor to the controller is strongly recommended. This wire is a twisted-pair construction with foil wrap and drain wire. The drain wire is to be attached to ground in the control panel only.

### **Chapter 8 Operation**

#### **8–1 Keypad Operation**

TOUCHKEYS	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
Q	Scroll Key	Advance the index display to the desired position. Index advanced continuously and cyclically by pressing this keypad.
	Ир Кеу	Increases the parameter
$\bowtie$	Down Key	Decreases the parameter
ර	Return Key	Resets the controller to its normal status. Also stops auto-tuning, output percentage monitoring and manual mode operation.
Press 😡 for 6 seconds	Long Scroll	Allows more parameters to be inspected or changed.
Press රා for 6 seconds	Long Return	<ol> <li>Executes auto-tuning function</li> <li>Calibrates control when in calibration level</li> </ol>
Press Q and O	Output Percentage Monitor	Allows the set point display to indicate the control output value.
Press	Manual Mode Execution	Allows the controller to enter the manual mode.

\*With power on, it takes 12 seconds to memorize the new values of parameters once they have been changed.





The "return" key can be pressed at any time. This will prompt the display to return to the Process value/Set point value.

#### **Power Applied:**

**9090 43.6** Displayed for 4 seconds. (Software Version 3.6 or higher) 1.

**88.8.8. 8.8.8.8.** LED test. 2. All LED segments must be lit for 4 seconds.

3. Process value and set point indicated.

#### **8–3 Parameter Description**

Index Code	Description Adjustment Range	**Defaul Settting	
SV	Set point Value Control *Low Limit to High Limit Value	392°F (200	)°C)
ASP I	Alarm Set point Value * Low Limit to High Limit value. (if AL ā I=0, 1, 4, or 5) * 0 to 3600 minutes (if AL ā I=12 or 13) * Low Limit minus set point to High Limit minus set point value (if AL ā I=2, 3, 6, or 11)	18°F (10°	°C)
rr	Ramp Rate for the process value to limit an abrupt change of process (soft start) * 0 to 360.0° F (200.0°C)/minute (if , , = 0 to 9) * 0 to 3600 unit / minute (if , , = =10)	0°F / min	I.
oFSŁ	Offset Value for Manual Reset (if  上 ı = 0) * 0 to 100%	0.0%	
SH, F	Offset shift for process value * -199° F to 199° F (-111°C to 111°C)	0°F	
РЬ	Proportional Band * 0 to 360° F (0 to 200°C) (set to 0 for on-off control)	18°F (10°C)	)
Er	Integral (Reset) Time * 0 to 3600 seconds	120 sec.	
Еd	Derivative (Rate) Time * 0 to 1000 seconds	30 sec.	
LoCL	Local Mode 0: No control parameters can be changed 1: Control parameters can be changed	1	
SEL	Parameter Selection (allows selection of additional parameters to be accessible at level 0 security)         0: None       4: RSP 1, rr         1: RSP 1       5: RSP 1, rr         2: rr       6: rr, oFSE         3: oFSE       7: RSP 1, rr, oFSE	0	
٢Ŀ	Proportional Cycle Time * 0 to 120 seconds	Relay Pulsed Volta Linear Volt/n	
ı n	Input Mode Selection           0: J type T/C         6: S type T/C           1: K type T/C         7: N type T/C           2: T type T/C         8: PT100 DIN           3: E type T/C         9: PT100 JIS           4: B type T/C         10: Linear Voltage or Current           5: R type T/C         Note: T/C-Close solder gap G5, RTD-Open G5	T/C RTD Linear	0 8 10
ALĀ I	Alarm Mode Selection       8: Outband Alarm         0: Process High Alarm       9: inband Alarm         1: Process Low Alarm       9: inband Alarm         2: Deviation High Alarm       10: Inhibit Outband Alarm         3: Deviation Low Alarm       11: Inhibit Inband Alarm         4: Inhibit Process Low Alarm       12: Alarm Relay OFF as         5: Inhibit Process Low Alarm       Dwell Time Out         6: Inhibit Deviation Low Alarm       13: Alarm Relay ON as         7: Inhibit Deviation Low Alarm       Dwell Time Out	2	
AHY I	Hysteresis of Alarm 1 * 0 to 20% of SPAN	0.5%	
EF	°C/°F Selection 0:°F 1:°C	0	
rE5o	Resolution Selection0: No Decimal Point2: 2 Digit Decimal1: 1 Digit Decimal3: 3 Digit Decimal(2 and 3 may only be used for linear voltage or current $r = 10$	0	
[onA	Control Action 0: Direct (Cooling) Action 1: Reverse (Heat) Action	1	
	Error Protection 0: Control OFF, Alarm OFF 2: Control ON , Alarm OFF 1: Control OFF, Alarm ON 3: Control ON , Alarm ON	1	
ErPr	1. Control Ori, Alarni On 3. Control ON. Alarni ON	1	
ErPr HYSE	Hysteresis for ON/OFF Control *0 to 20% of SPAN	0.5%	
HY5E LL, E	Hysteresis for ON/OFF Control	-58°F (-50	
HYSE	Hysteresis for ON/OFF Control *0 to 20% of SPAN		00°C

NOTES: \* Adjusting Range of the Parameter \*\* Factory settings. Process alarms are at fixed temperature points. Deviation alarms move with the set points value.

#### **8–4 Automatic Tuning**

- 1. Ensure that the controller is correctly configured and installed.
- 2. Ensure that the proportional band "PB" is not set at "0".
- 3. Press the return key for at least 6 seconds (maximum 16 seconds). This initializes the auto-tune function. (To abort auto-tuning procedure, press and release the return key).
- 4. The decimal point in the lower right hand corner of the PV display flashes to indicate that auto-tuning is in progress. Auto-tune is complete when the flashing stops.
- 5. Depending on the particular process, automatic tuning may take up to two hours. Processes with long time lags will take the longest to tune. Remember, while the display point flashes, the controller is auto-tuning.

NOTE: If an AT error ( $\mathcal{REEr}$ ) occurs, the automatic tuning process is aborted due to the system operating in ON-OFF control mode (PB=0). The process will also be aborted if the set point is set too close to the process temperature or if there is insufficient capacity in the system to reach the set point (e.g., inadequate heating power available). Upon completion of autotuning, the new PID settings are automatically entered into the controller's non-volatile memory.

#### **8–5 Manual PID Adjustment**

Although the auto-tuning function will select control settings which should prove satisfactory for the majority of processes, you may find it necessary to make adjustments to these settings from time to time. This may be the case if some changes are made to the process or if you wish to fine-tune the control settings. It is important, prior to making changes to the control settings, that you record the current settings for future reference. Make only slight changes to one setting at a time and observe the results on the process. Because each of the settings interacts with the others, it is easy to become confused with the results if you are not familiar with process control procedures.

Decrease Derivative. Time

**Increase Derivative Time** 

Proportional Band		
Symptom	Solution	
Slow Response	Decrease PB Value	
High Overshoot or Oscillations	Increase PB Value	
Integral Time (Reset)		
Symptom	Solution	
Slow Response	Decrease Integral Time	
Instability or Oscillations	Increase Integral Time	
Derivative Time (Rate)		
Symptom	Solution	

Slow Response or Oscillations

**High Overshoot** 

#### **Tuning Guide**

#### **8–6 Manual Tuning Procedure**

- Step 1: Adjust the integral and derivative values to 0. This inhibits the rate and reset action
- Step 2: Set an arbitrary value for proportional band and monitor the control results
- Step 3: If the original setting introduces a large process oscillation, then gradually increase the proportional band until steady cycling occurs. Record this proportional band value (Pc).
- Step 4: Measure the period of steady cycling



#### 8–7 Ramp and Dwell

The TEC-9090 controller can be configured to act as either a fixed set point controller or as a single ramp controller on power up. This function enables the user to set a pre-determined ramp rate to allow the process to gradually reach the set point temperature, thus producing a "soft start" function.

A dwell timer is incorporated within the TEC-9090 and the alarm relay can be configured to allow the dwell function to be used in conjunction with the ramp function. The ramp rate is determined by the " $\neg \neg$ " parameter which can be adjusted within the range of 0 to 200.0°C/minute. The ramp rate function is disabled when the " $\neg \neg$ " parameter is set to "0".

The soak function is enabled by configuring the alarm output to act as a dwell timer. The parameter  $RL\bar{n}$  / needs to be set with a value of 12. The alarm contact will now operate as a timer contact, with the contact closed at power up and opening after the elapsed time set in parameter R5P /.

If the controller power supply or output is wired through the alarm contact, the controller will operate as a guaranteed soak controller.



In the example below, the ramp rate is set at 5°F/minute,  $P_{L}\bar{n} = 12$  and  $P_{5}P = 15$  (minutes). Power is applied at zero time and the process climbs at 5°F/minute to the set point of 125°F. Upon reaching the set point, the dwell timer is activated, and after the soak time of 15 minutes, the alarm contact will open, switching off the output. The process temperature will eventually fall at an undetermined rate.

The dwell function may also be used to operate an external device such as a siren to alert when a soak time has been reached.

 $\Pi L \overline{n} l$  needs to be set with a value of 13. The alarm contact will now operate as a timer contact, with the contact being open on the initial start up. The timer begins to count down once the set point temperature is reached. After the setting at  $\Pi \Box P l$  has elapsed, the alarm contact closes.



Display Symbol	Error Description	Corrective Action
SbEr	Sensor break error	Replace RTD or sensor Use manual mode operation
LLEr	Process display beyond the low range set point	Re-adjust [ [ , E value
HLEr	Process display beyond the high range set point	Re-adjust HL, E value
RHEr	Analog hybrid module damage	Replace module. Check for outside source of damage such as transient voltage spikes
ALEr	Incorrect operation of auto tune procedure Prop. Band set to 0	Repeat procedure. Increase Prop. Band to a number larger than 0
oPEr	Manual mode is not allowable for an ON-OFF control system	Increase proportional band
[SEr	Check sum error, values in memory may have changed accidentally	Check and reconfigure the control parameters

#### RETURNS

No product returns can be accepted without a completed Return Material Authorization (RMA) form.

#### **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

Technical questions and troubleshooting help is available from Tempco. When calling or writing please give as much background information on the application or process as possible.

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